



A: Find the synonym or antonym of the underlined words. One is extra in B. (١) points

A

١. This book is not available now. ()
٢. I know English besides French. ()
٣. Few languages are dead. ()
٤. I have fewer books than you. ()

B

- a) fortunately
b) alive
c) more
d) at hand
e) in addition to

B: Circle the odd words. (٠,٥ point)

١. beliefs – wishes – tongues – feelings
٢. continent – century – country – city

C: Fill in the blanks with the given words. One is extra. (٢) points

(points – exists – region – by means of – makes up – despite – culture – surfing the net – fluently)

١. Water about seventy percent of our body.
٢. In winter, birds fly to southern of Iran.
٣. You should do exercise instead of
٤. There is no sign that life on the moon.
٥. In ancient times, people used to travel horses and camels .
٦. When learning a language, we become familiar with the of its speaker.
٧. heavy snow, they didn't cancel their trip.
٨. If you want to speak English , you must work hard.

D: Choose the best option. (١) points

١. After ٣٠ years, he came back to his country.
a) simple b) native c) difficult d) probable
٢. Yesterday I visited some in Milad Tower.
a) foreigners b) interests c) values d) institutes
٣. Nowadays, the Internet is the best means of
a) translation b) population c) explanation d) communication
٤. Some researchers are trying to endangered languages.
a) protect b) borrow c) invite d) host

E: Match column A and column B. (١) point

- | A | B |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| ١. exchange () | a) regions of Asia |
| ٢. meet () | b) knowledge & experience |
| ٣. farming () | c) greatly in color |
| ٤. vary () | d) the needs of villagers |

F. Fill in the blanks with your own words: (٠,٥ point)

١. Asia is the biggestof the world.
٢. People who are unable to hear are called

G-Unscramble the letters(٠/٥)

Close your eyes and(emniia)that you are walking on the moon.
Human's (iibtlay)to speak makes him difference from animals.

H: Match the pictures and the words. (1) point

(wind power – parking lot – a slice of cake – traffic sign)



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Grammar:

A: Read the text and choose the correct answer. (1, 2) points

My mother and I went to a supermarket yesterday. We needed (many – much) things. First we bought (some – many) rice, (two – a little) bottles of milk, (a lot of – many) meat. We love seafood, so we bought (much – a little) fresh fish. On the way home, we also bought (a few – a little) bananas.

B: Look at the pictures & fill the blanks. (1, 2 point)



1. David eats..... of bread and of tea every morning.

C: Choose the correct answer: (1 point)

1. I can not seebirds in the sky.

a. some b. much c. a lot d. any

2. How many glasses do you see on the table? Just

a. a little b. one c. any d. much

3. He is not able to buy this book . He hasmoney.

a. many b. few c. a lot of d. little

4. Which part is correct?

a. There are some water in the glass.

b. The woman bought a jar of rice.

c. The child is eating a slice of apple.

d. She drank a milk yesterday.

D-Decide the following nouns are countable or uncountable. Write “ C ” for countable and “ u” for uncountable(1)

Meat () person () country () soft drink()

E:Rearrange the words to create the correct sentence: (1, 2 points)

1. much / does/ your mother / how / need/ sugar/?

2. usually/ in the library / the children / the books / silently / read/ . --

F: Find the grammatical mistakes and correct them: (1, 2)

1. There isn't any butter in the fridge, but there are a lot of milk.

2. The children are doing slowly the math questions there.

G: Fill in the blanks with appropriate units and measure words:(1)

1-Howcake is in the plate?

2-He bought aof rice for the poor family.

3-It is necessary to drink eightof water every day.

4-My mother has made threeof apple jam.

Pronunciation : Which one has a different stress? (1, 2 point)

1. a. seventy b. sixteen c. seventeen

2. a. ninety b. fourteen c. forty

E: Conversation**Match A with B. One is extra in B. (1/2 point)****A**

1. Thank you
2. What languages do you know?
3. How did you learn English?
4. Can you use all of them fluently?
5. May I help you?
6. Do you think language learning should start as early as possible?

B

- a. In a language institute.
- b. I know all of them well, but I use English more.
- c. You're welcome!
- d. Yes, please. I'm looking for an English dictionary.
- e. He is a translator.
- f. Besides my mother tongue, I know two foreign languages.
- g. I believe interest and hard work are more important.

F: Reading**Fill the blanks with the following words. One word is extra.(1, 2 points)***despite / greatly / change/international / popular / range /society*

Language is a system that people use to communicate with each other in a(1) languages are.....(2) different from region to region. Native speakers of these languages(3) in numbers from very large to very small. The most(4) language in the world is Chinese. About one billion of people learn English because it is a/an(5) language. We can say all languages are really valuable,(6) their differences.

Read the passage and answer the questions: (2 points)

There are many words in English language. It's impossible to count the number of words in a language. Have you ever thought about where English words are from? Did you know many English words come from other languages? Many basic English words come from Old English, such as, England, house, woman, man, child, bird, water and etc. Other English words come from Latin, like, family, number, school, educate. Some English words come from French .For example hotel and menu are two French words. Today English is an international language. Thousands of English words come from other languages. Every year hundreds of words come into English from new technology, e.g., internet, text message , e-mail and ... English speakers have "stolen" words from other languages and added them to English. That are known as "loanwords" or "borrowings," which are derived from other languages. The next time you hear one, tell your friends where the word originally came from!

1. How many words are there in English language?
2. Which words are called loanwords?
3. How do words come into English language every year?

True or False

4. It's possible to count the number of words in a language. -----
5. English words don't come from other languages. -----